



APPSEC
EUROPE

Systematically Breaking and Fixing OpenID Connect

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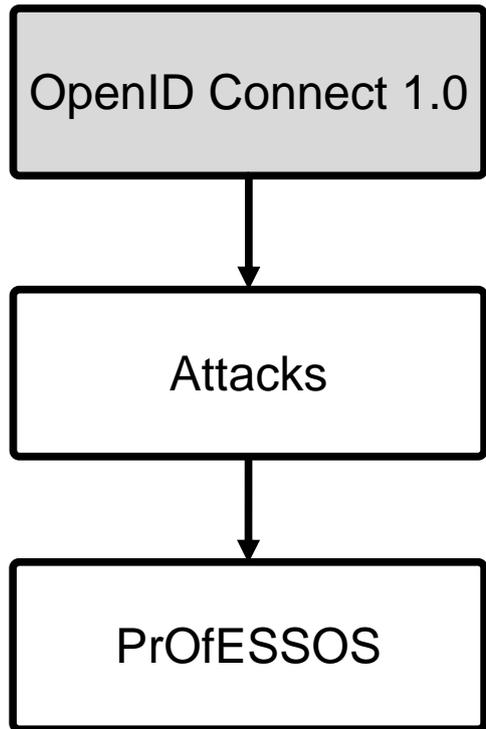
² Hackmanit GmbH

³ ecsec GmbH

Research Questions

- (Q1) Are old/known attacks addressed in OIDC?
- (Q2) How secure are officially referenced (certified) libraries?
- (Q3) How can the development of SSO libraries be brought closer to published state-of-the-art regarding security?

On the Security of OpenID Connect



OAuth 2.0 vs. OpenID Connect 1.0

OAuth 2.0



Client
Application

OAuth 2.0 vs. OpenID Connect 1.0

OpenID Connect 1.0



Client
Application

Sign in to the C

 Sign in with Facebook

 Sign in with Google

Email address

Password

Remember me

Sign in →

 OpenID

Login

Don't have an account?

Email Address or Username

Password:

[Lost your password?](#)

Remember me

Login

Alternatively, use a third party to log in



OpenID:

Remember me

Login



Login to Avast Account

Login with Facebook

Login with Google

Email

Password

Login

[Can't access your account?](#)

https://console.aws.amazon.com/iam/home#providers

Suchen



AWS

Services

Edit

Create Provider

Step 1: Configure Provider

Step 2: Verify

Configure Provider

Choose a provider type.

Provider Type*

OpenID Connect

Provider URL*

ps://openid.sso-security.de

Maximum 255 characters. URL must begin with

Audience*

RandomClientID

Maximum 255 characters. Use alphanumeric a

OpenID Connect: Core Phases

foursquare

Search people and places...

facebook DEVELOPERS

Create an app

Settings

Sample Code

OAuth Consumer Registration

APPLICATION DETAILS

APPLICATION NAME

Coffee Shop

APPLICATION WEB SITE

www.your-website.com/CoffeeShop

CALLBACK URL

www.your-website.com/CoffeeShop-redirect

ENTER TEXT BELOW (AUDIO)

552ymb8

552ymb8

Your application must abide by our [acceptable use policy](#) and [trademark guidelines](#).

REGISTER APPLICATION

logs at any time in your Developer

OpenID Connect: Phases with Discovery and Dynamic Registration



End-User



Client

<https://honestClient.com>



Honest OP

<https://honestOP.com>

MITREid Connect: Simple Web App

Log In

Use this page to log in by entering an `issuer URI` or a `webfinger identifier`. Use the buttons to pre-fill the form with a known identifier.

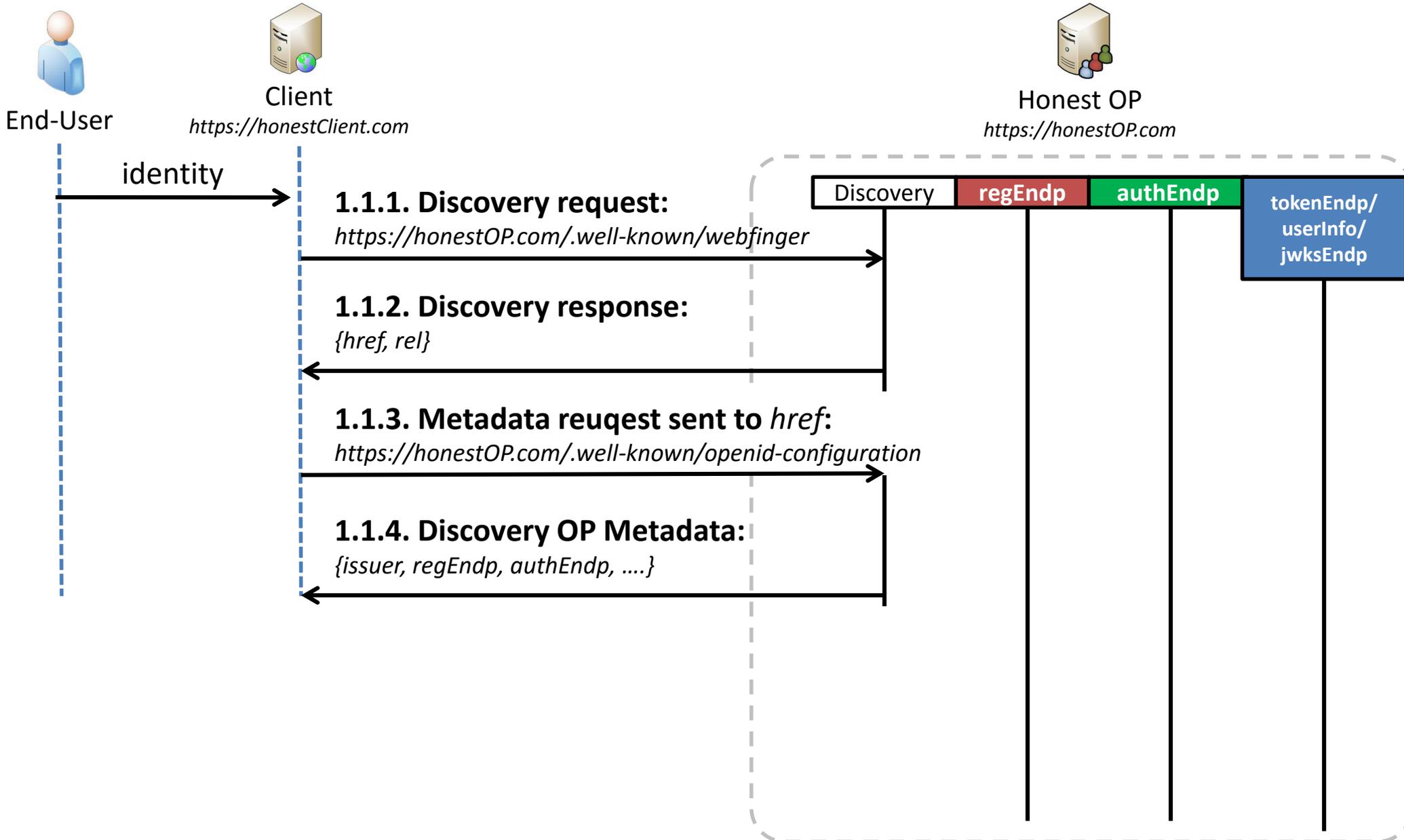
Local MITREid
Connect Server
(default setup)

mitre.org
integration site
demo user

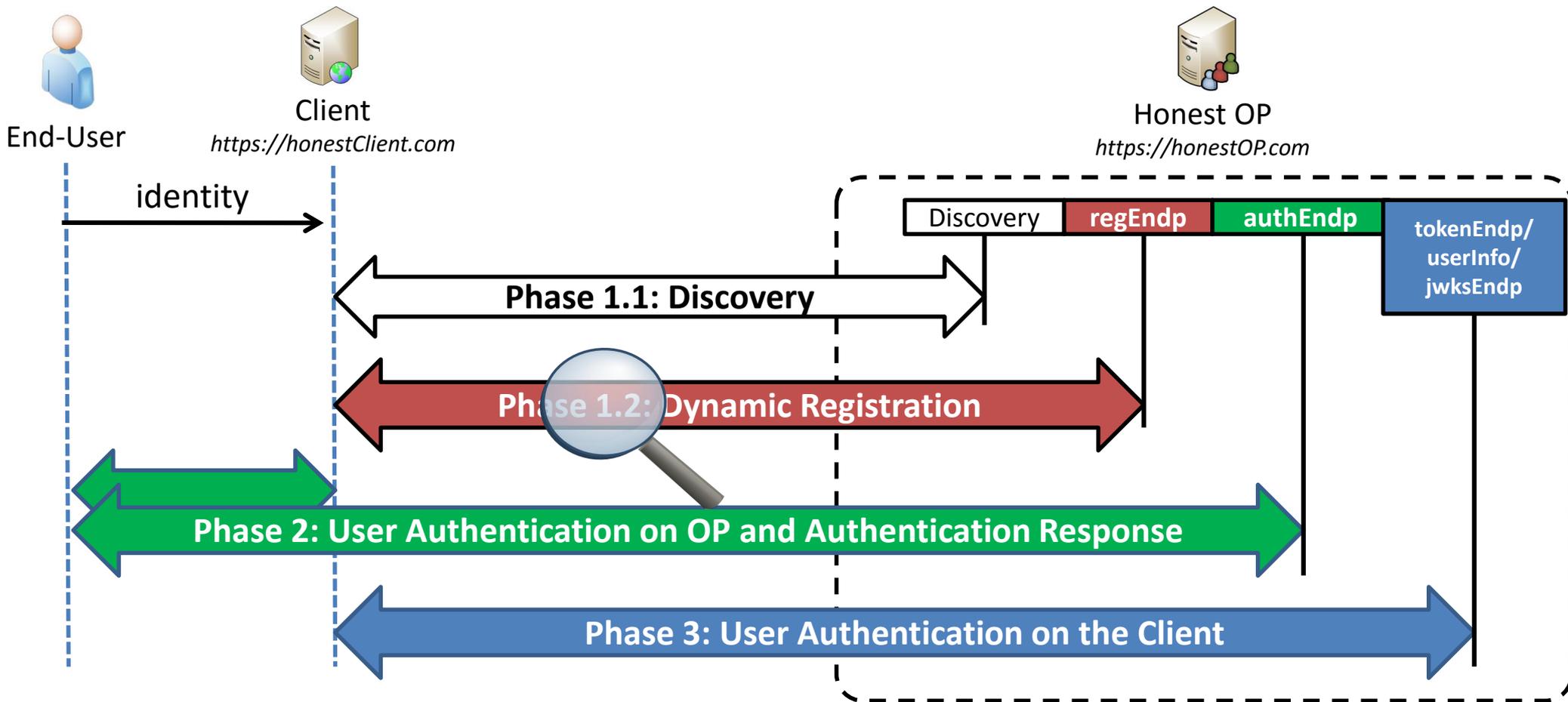
Log In

Phase 3: User Authentication on the Client

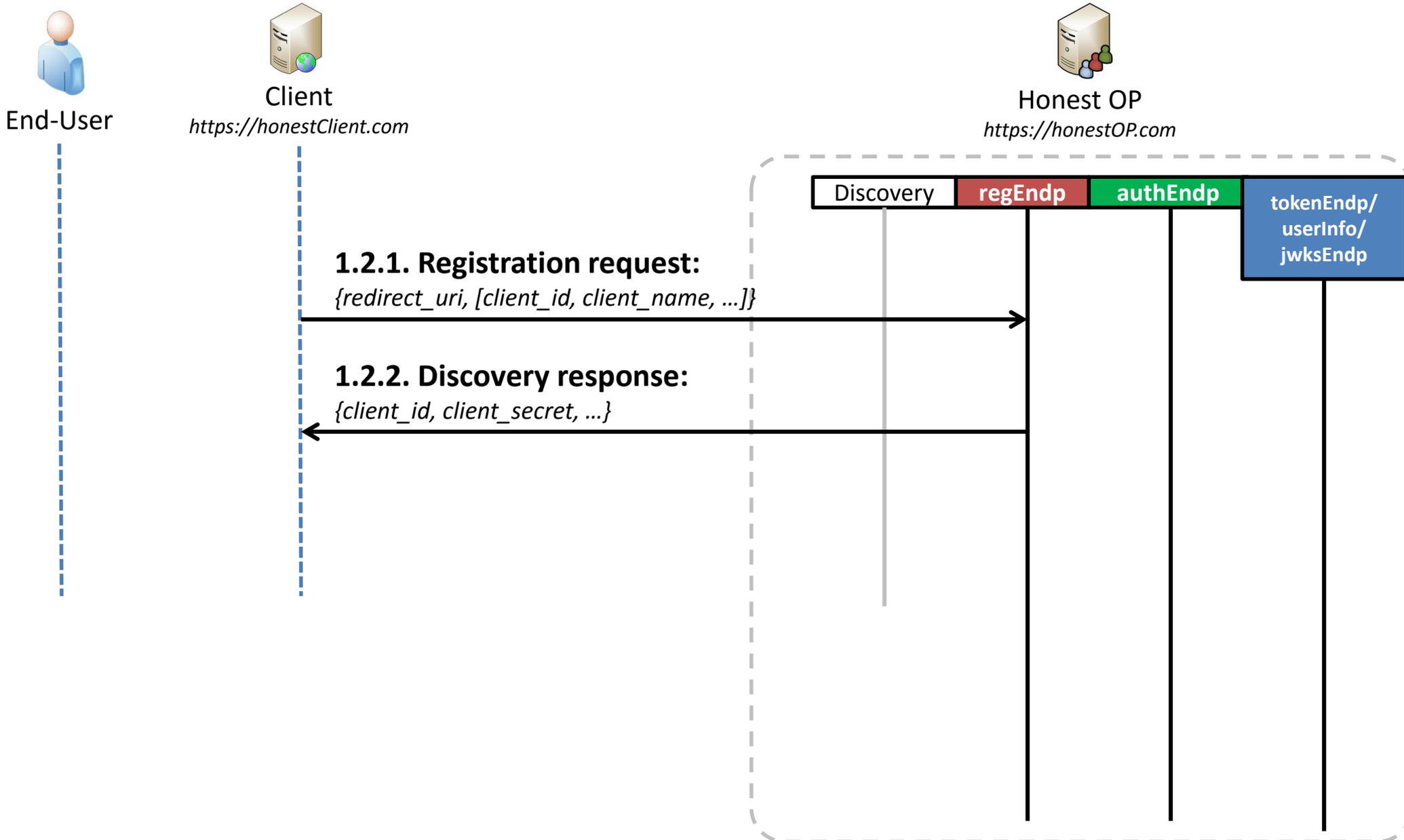
OpenID Connect: Discovery



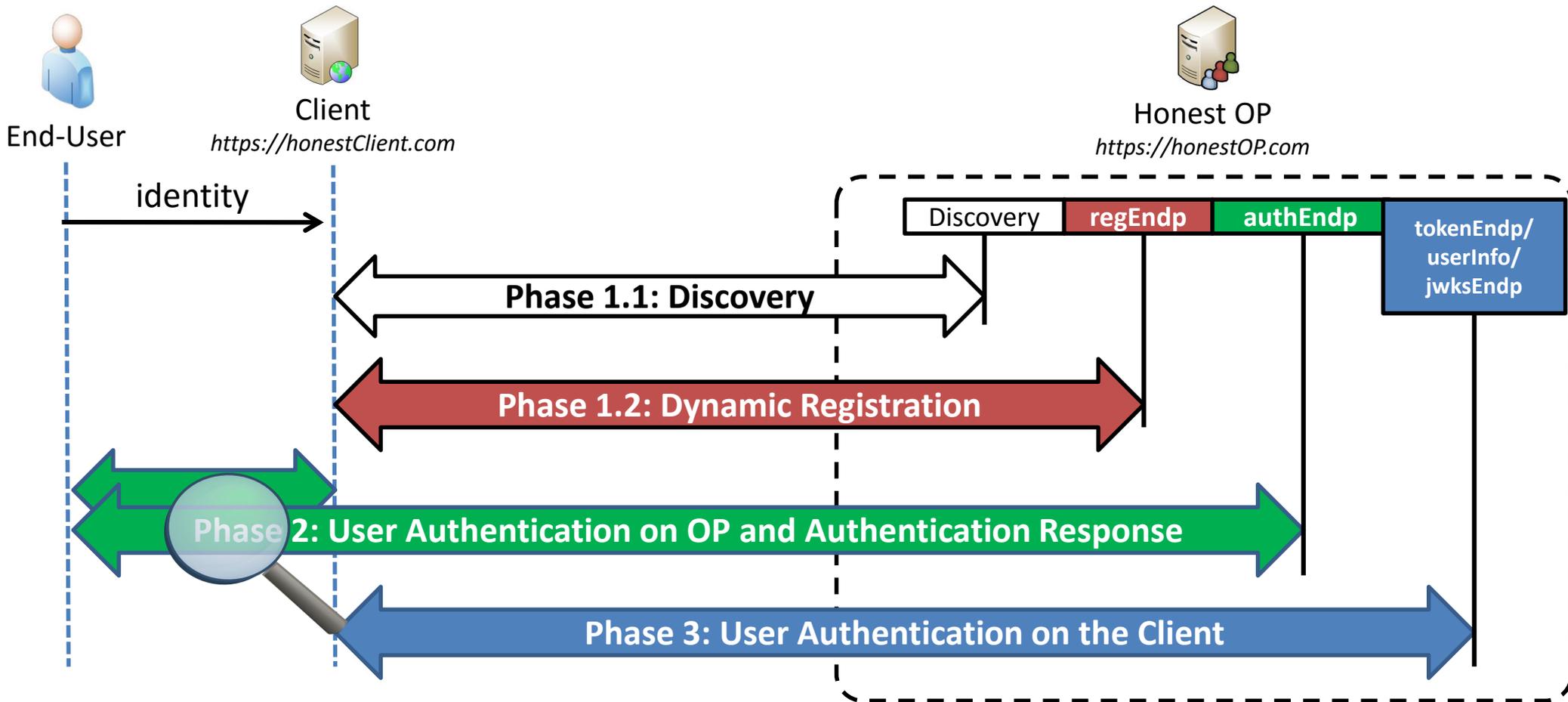
OpenID Connect: Phases with Discovery and Dynamic Registration



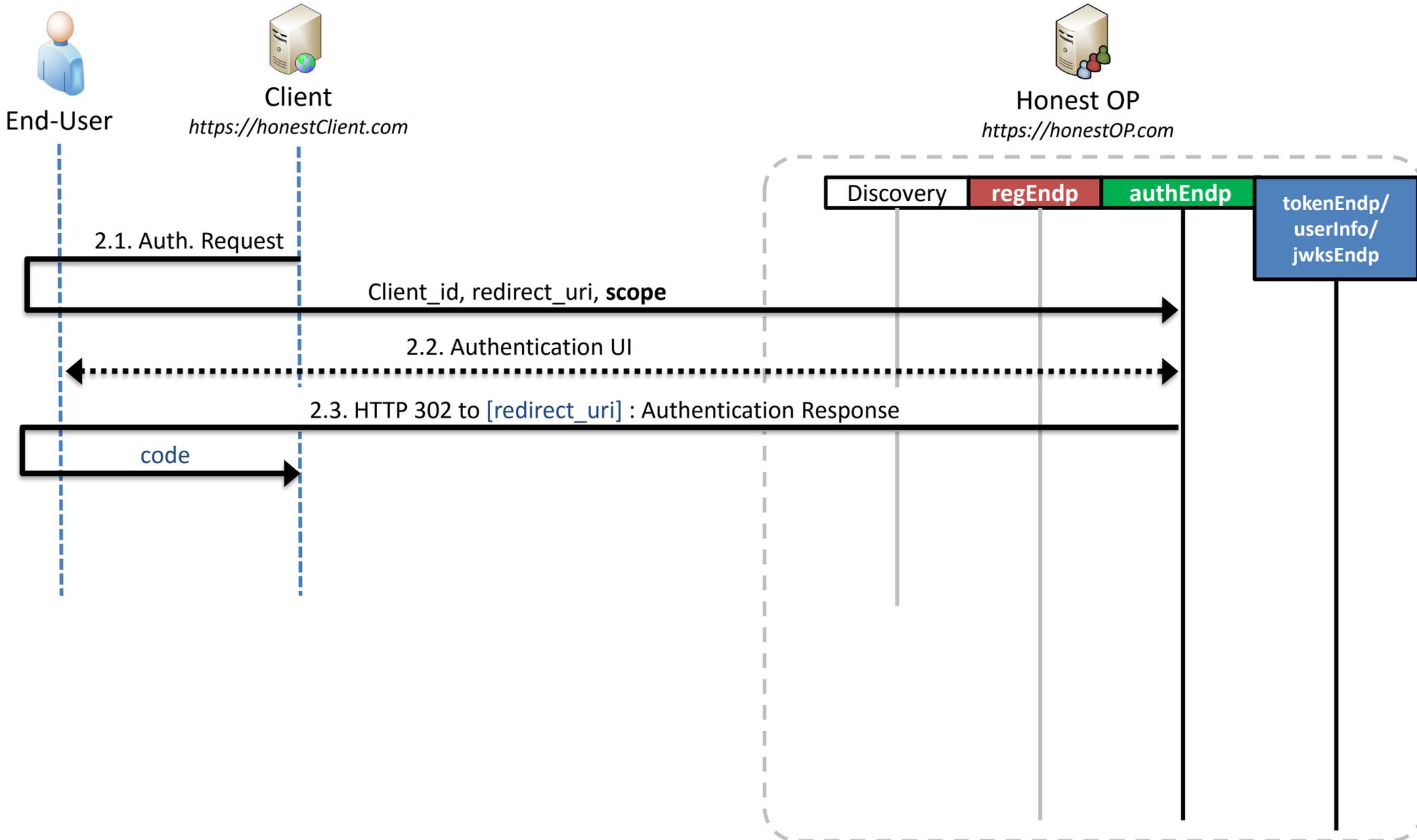
OpenID Connect: Dynamic Registration



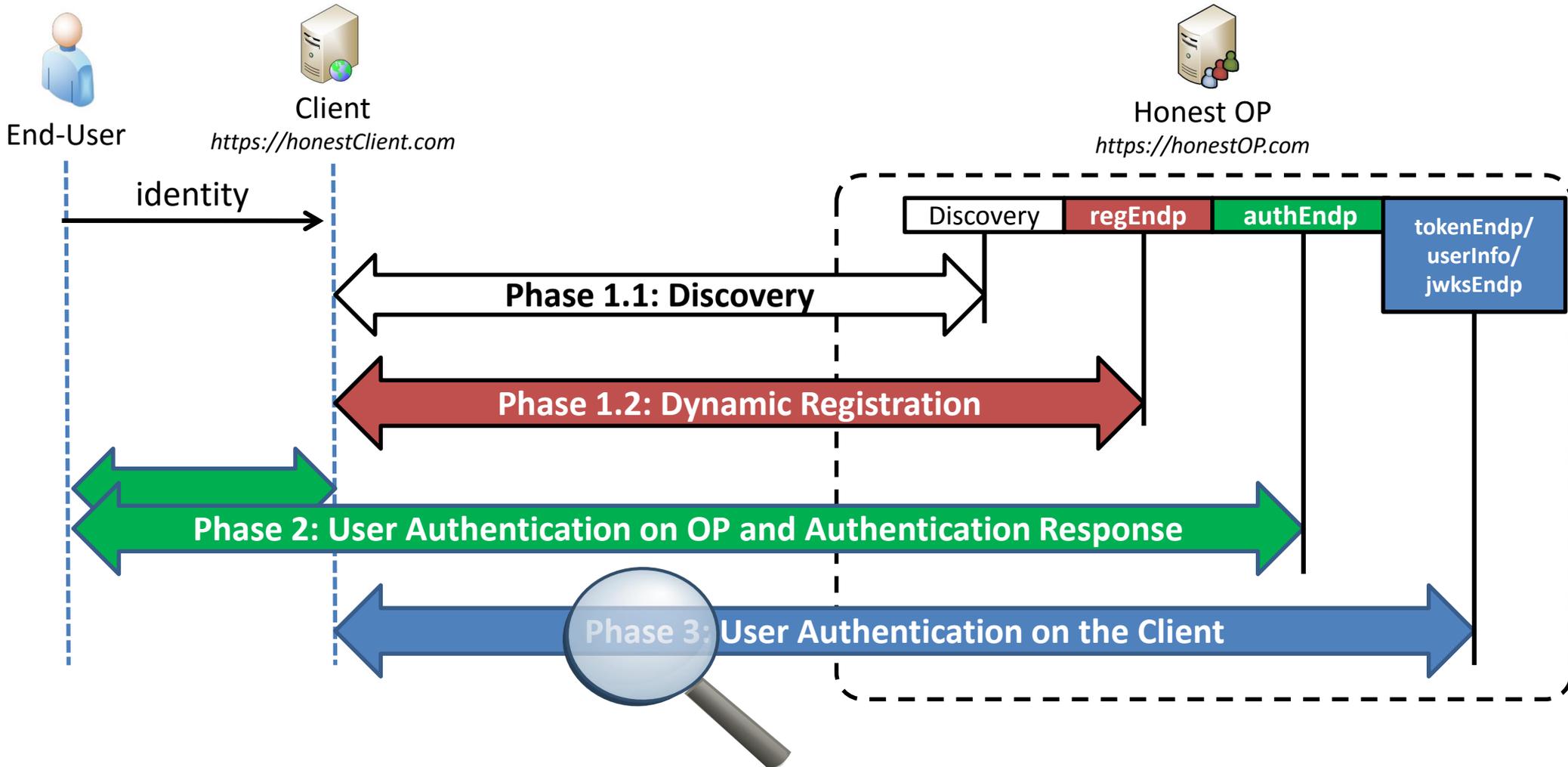
OpenID Connect: Phases with Discovery and Dynamic Registration



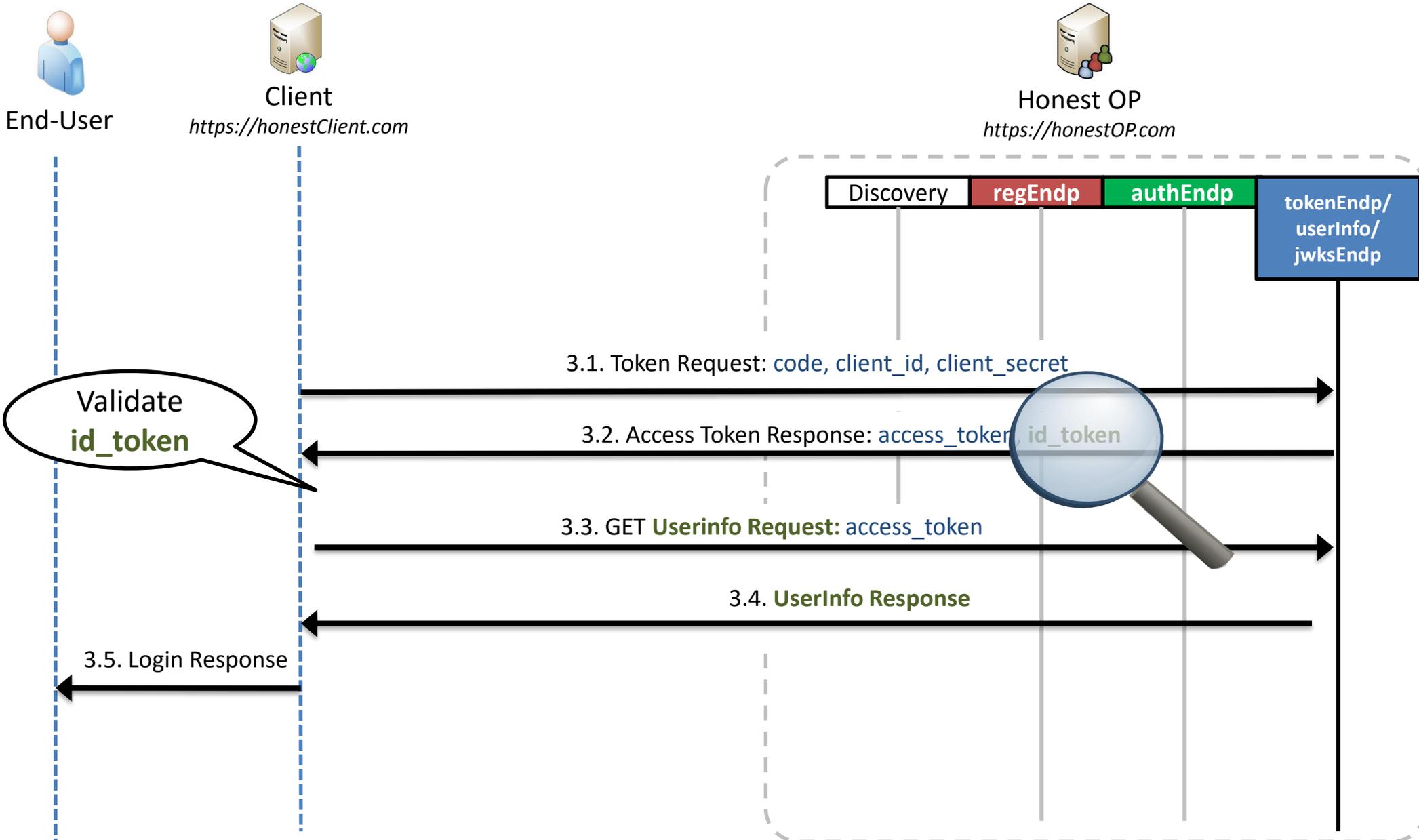
OpenID Connect: User Authentication on OP (Code Flow)



OpenID Connect: Phases with Discovery and Dynamic Registration



OpenID Connect: User Authentication on OP (Code Flow)



ID Token: Summary

Header

```
{  
  "alg": "HS256",  
  "typ": "JWT"  
}
```

Body

```
{  
  "iss": "https://honestOP.com/",  
  "sub": "user1",  
  "exp": 1444148908,  
  "iat": 1444148308,  
  "nonce": "40c6b33b9a2e",  
  "aud": "honestOP.com",  
}
```

Signature

Verify: [valid/invalid?](#)



=

iss

sub



=

iat

exp

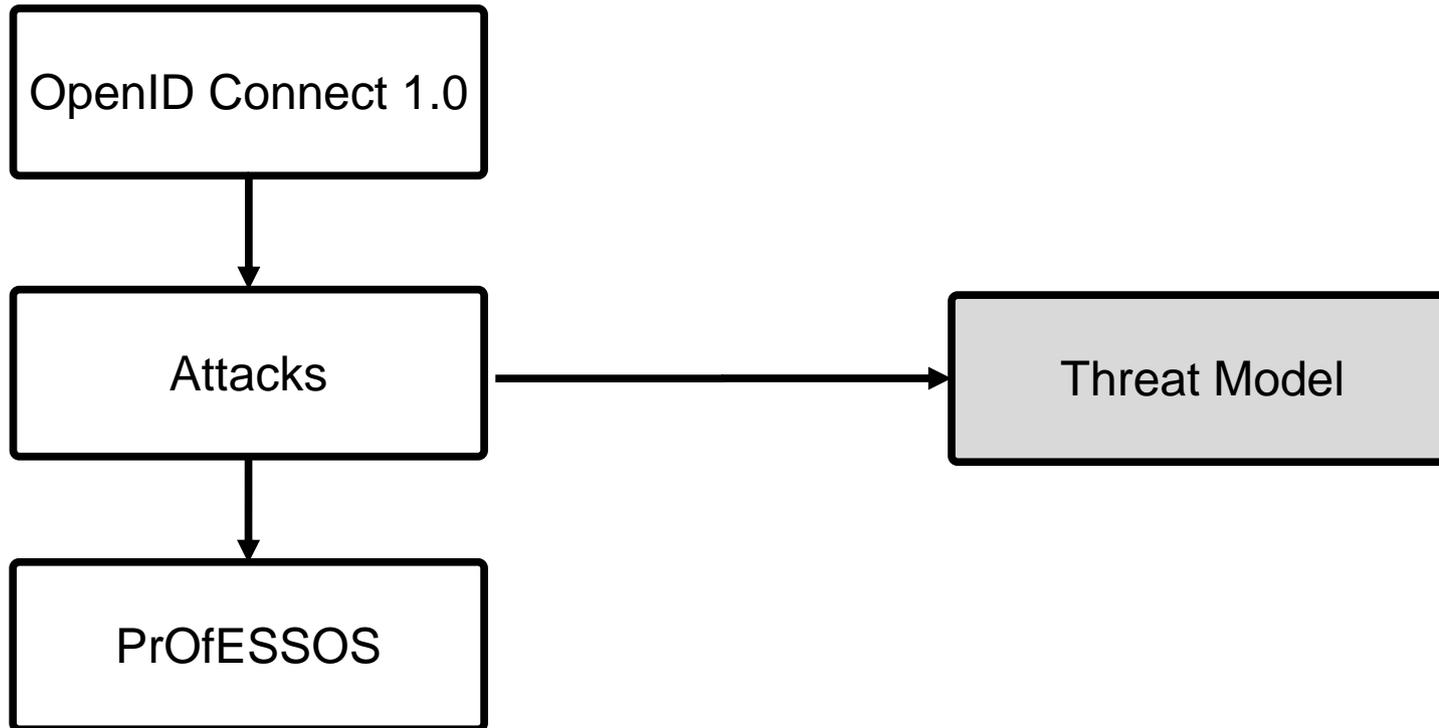
nonce



=

aud

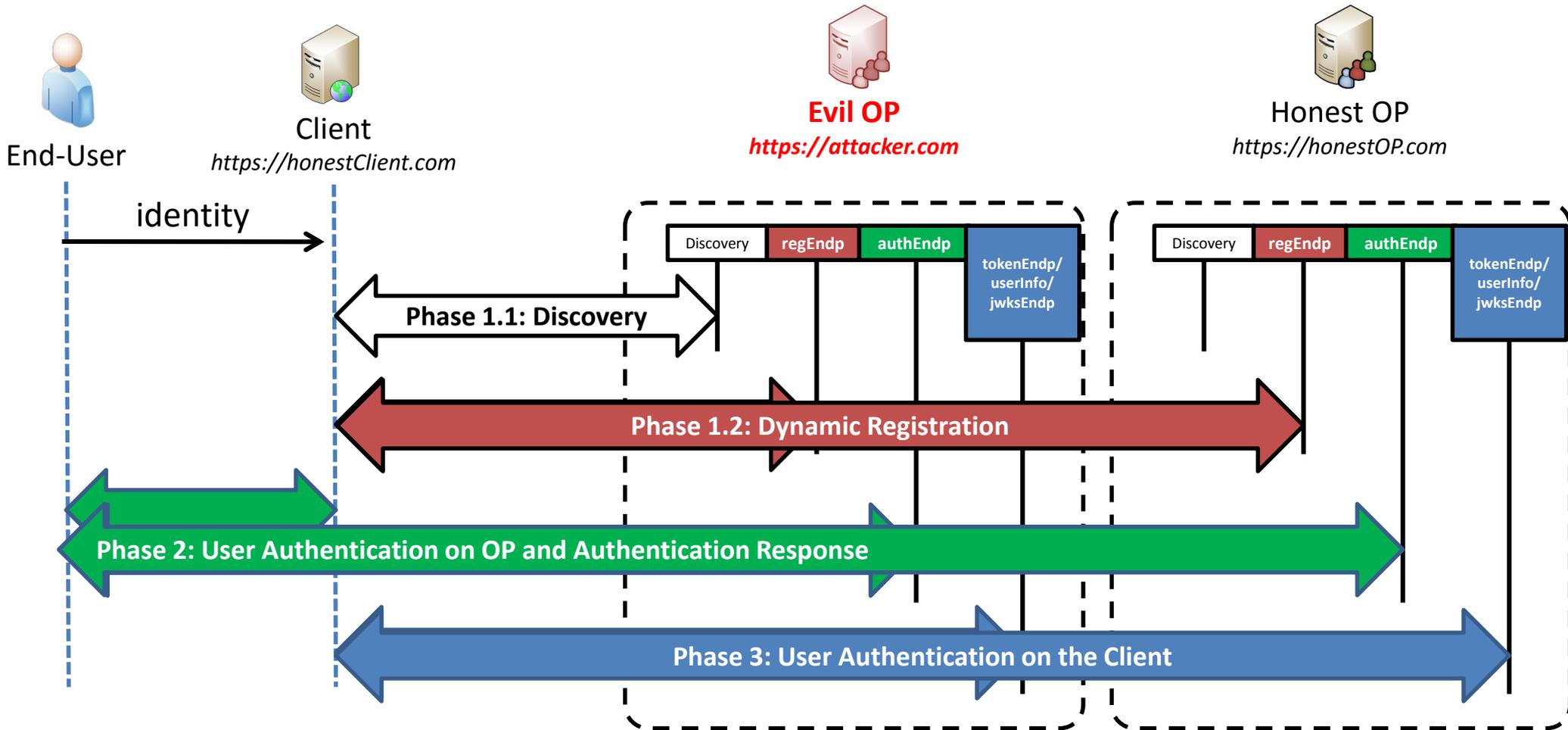
On the Security of OpenID Connect



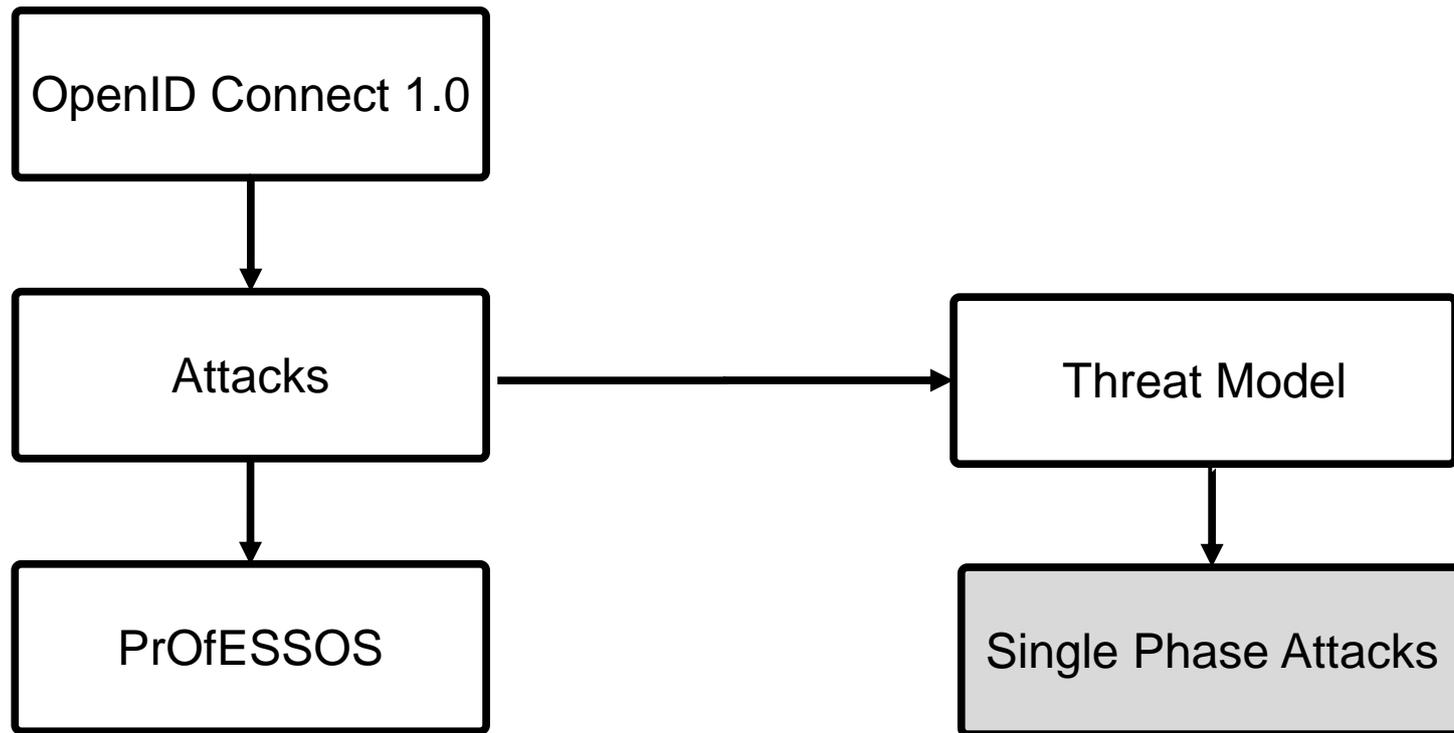
Threat Model

- Web attacker model
- Two Attack Categories
 - **Category A** with interaction of the victim
 - **Category B** no interaction at all

Attacker IdP



On the Security of OpenID Connect



Attack: ID Spoofing

Header

```
{  
  "alg": "HS256",  
  "typ": "JWT"  
}
```

Body

```
{  
  "iss": "https://honestOP.com/",  
  "sub": "user1",  
  "exp": 1444148908,  
  "iat": 1444148308,  
  "nonce": "40c6b33b9a2e",  
  "aud": "honestClientId",  
}
```

Signature

Verify: valid/invalid?



=

iss

sub



=

iat

exp

nonce

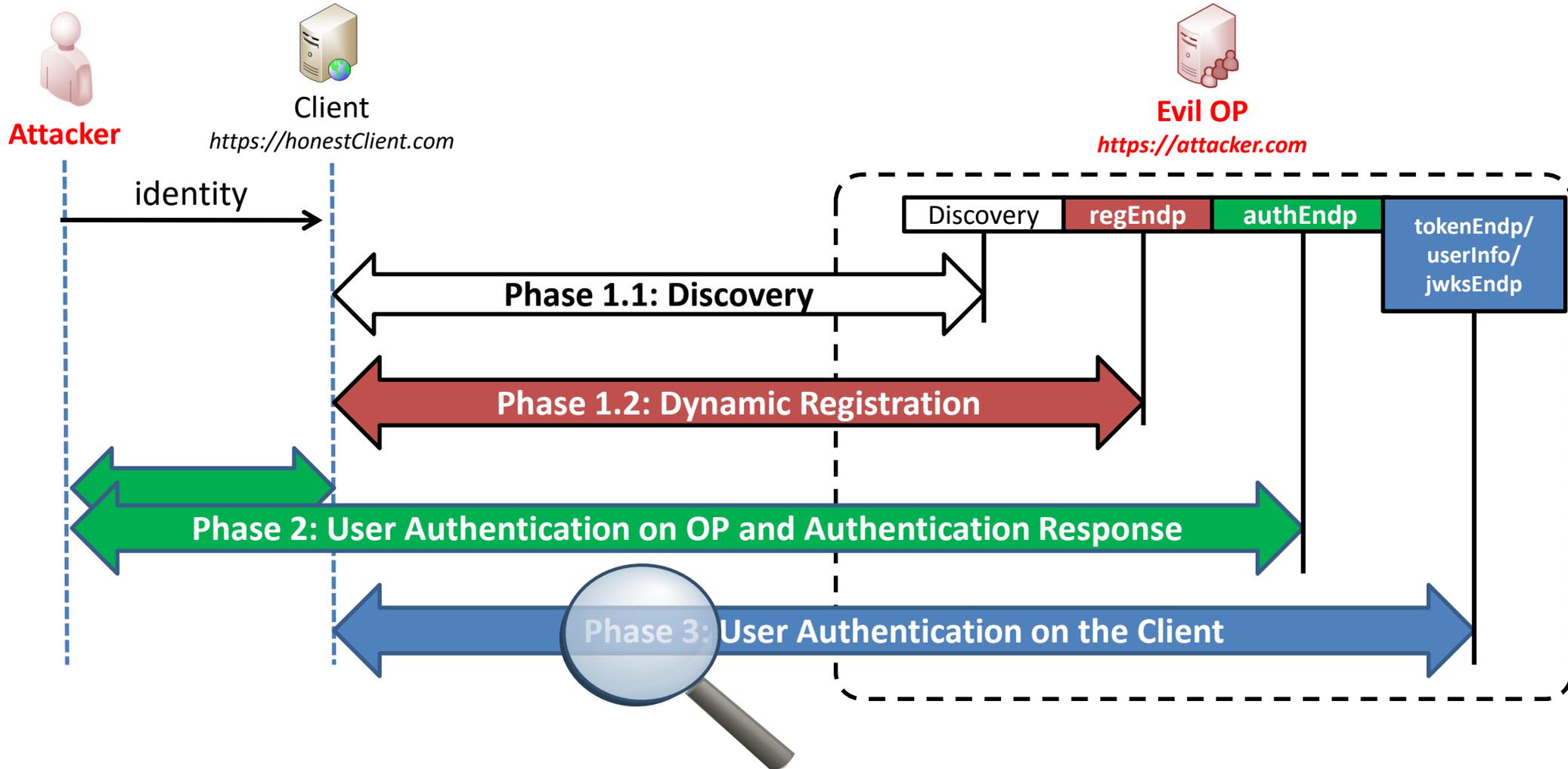


=

aud

Category B

Implementation flaws on the Client: ID Spoofing



Implementation flaws on the Client: ID Spoofing



Attack: Wrong Recipient

Header

```
{  
  "alg": "HS256",  
  "typ": "JWT"  
}
```

Body

```
{  
  "iss": "https://honestOP.com/",  
  "sub": "user1",  
  "exp": 1444148908,  
  "iat": 1444148308,  
  "nonce": "40c6b33b9a2e",  
  "aud": "honestClientId",  
}
```

Signature

Verify: valid/invalid?



=

iss

sub



=

iat

exp

nonce

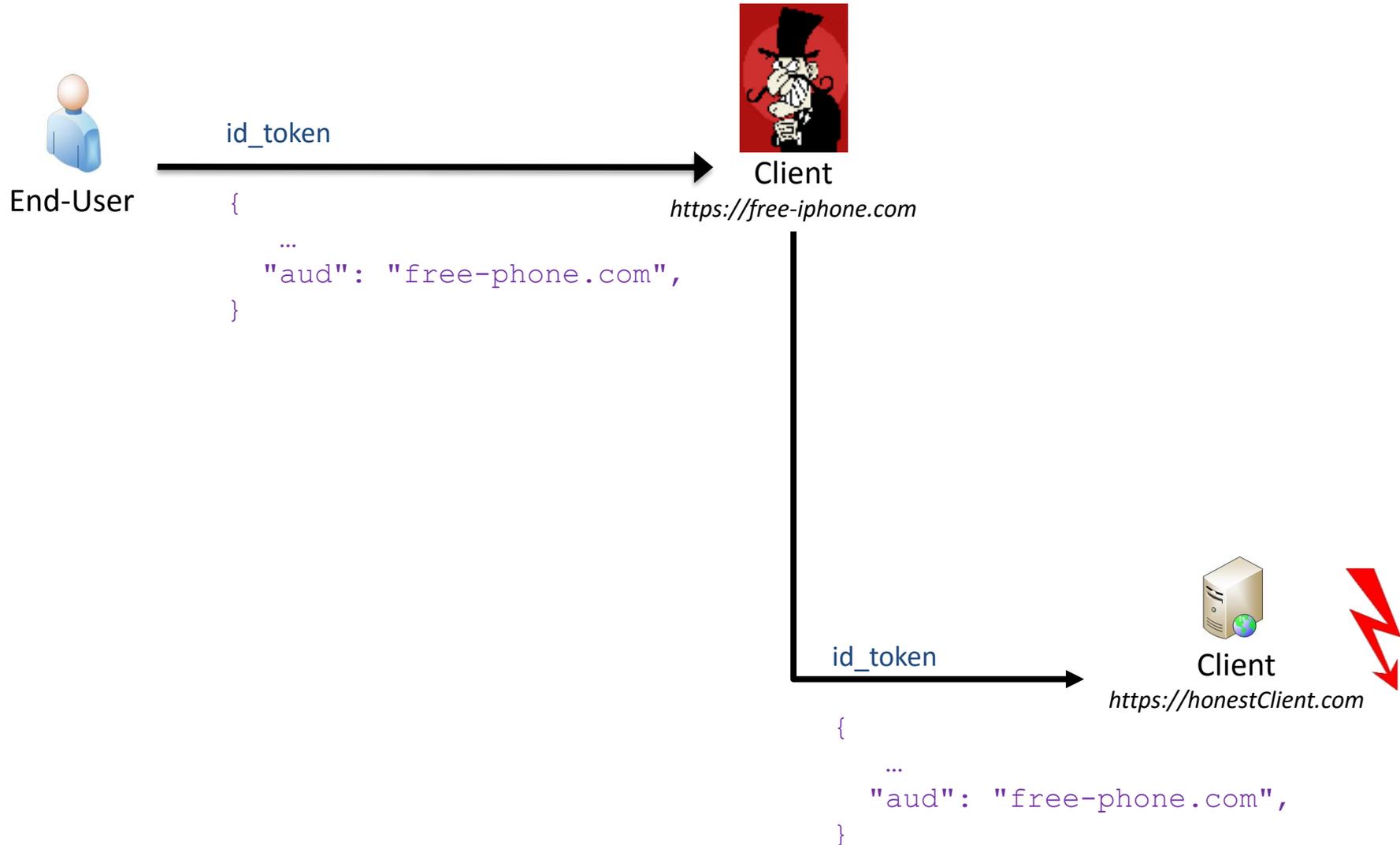


=

aud

Category A

Attack: Wrong Recipient



Attack: Replay

Header

```
{  
  "alg": "HS256",  
  "typ": "JWT"  
}
```

Body

```
{  
  "iss": "https://honestOP.com/",  
  "sub": "user1",  
  "exp": 1444148908,  
  "iat": 1444148308,  
  "nonce": "40c6b33b9a2e",  
  "aud": "honestClientId",  
}
```

Signature

Verify: valid/invalid?



=

iss

sub



=

iat

exp

nonce



=

aud

Category B

Attack: Signature Bypass

Header

```
{  
  "alg": "HS256",  
  "typ": "JWT"  
}
```

Body

```
{  
  "iss": "https://honestOP.com/",  
  "sub": "user1",  
  "exp": 1444148908,  
  "iat": 1444148308,  
  "nonce": "40c6b33b9a2e",  
  "aud": "honestClientId",  
}
```

Signature

Verify: valid/invalid?



=

iss

sub



=

iat

exp

nonce



=

aud

Category B

Attack: Signature Bypass

Header

```
{  
  "alg": "HS256",  
  "typ": "JWT"  
}
```

Body

```
{  
  "iss": "https://honestClient.com/",  
  "sub": "user1",  
  "exp": 1444148308,  
  "iat": 1444148308,  
  "nonce": "40c6b33b9a2e",  
  "aud": "honestClientId",  
}
```

Signature

Verify: valid/invalid?



=

iss

sub



=

iat

exp

nonce



aud

Category B

Implementation flaws on the Client: Signature Verification

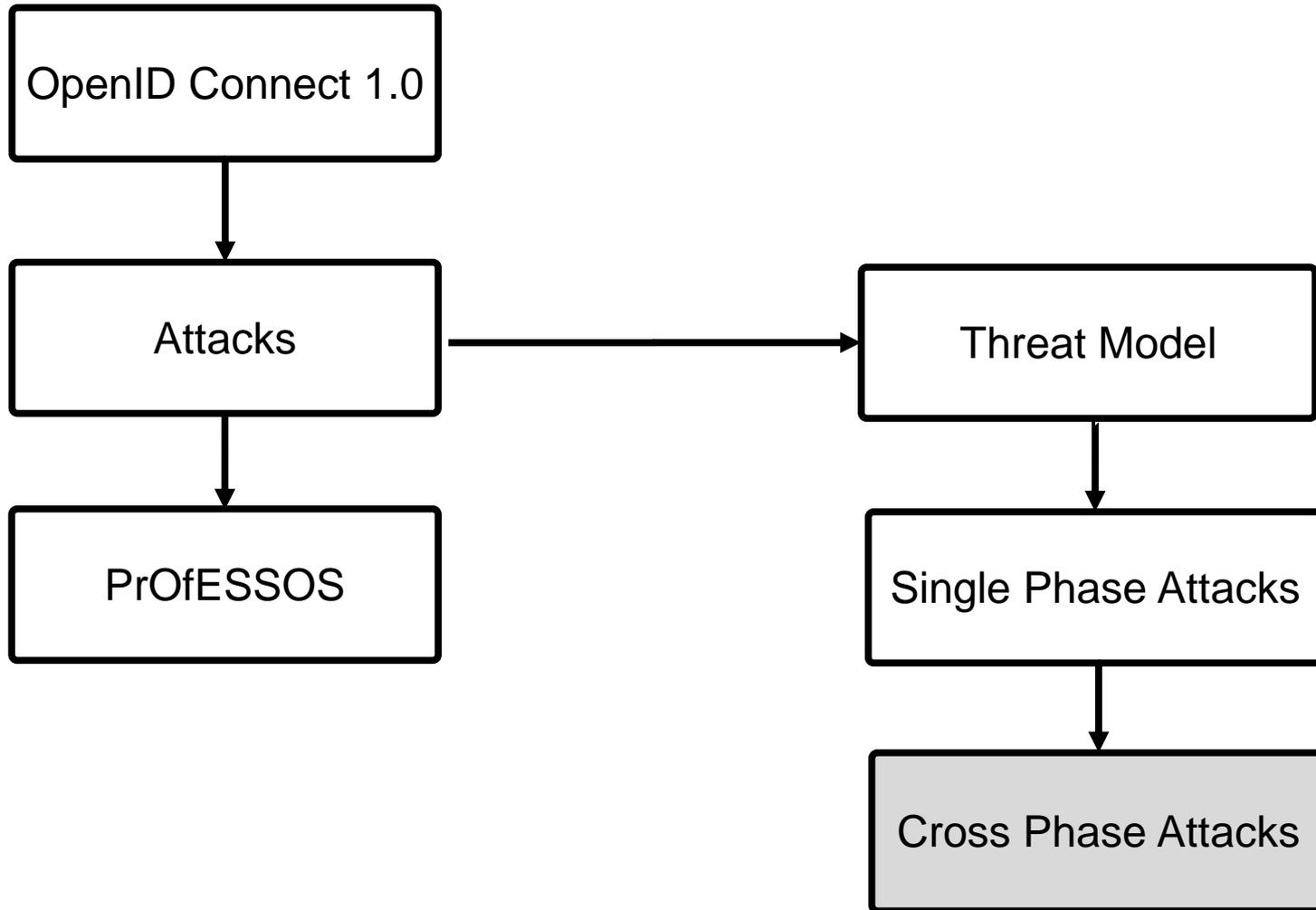
- alg defines Algorithm
- Supported values:

```
{  
  "alg": "HS256",  
  "typ": "JWT"  
}
```

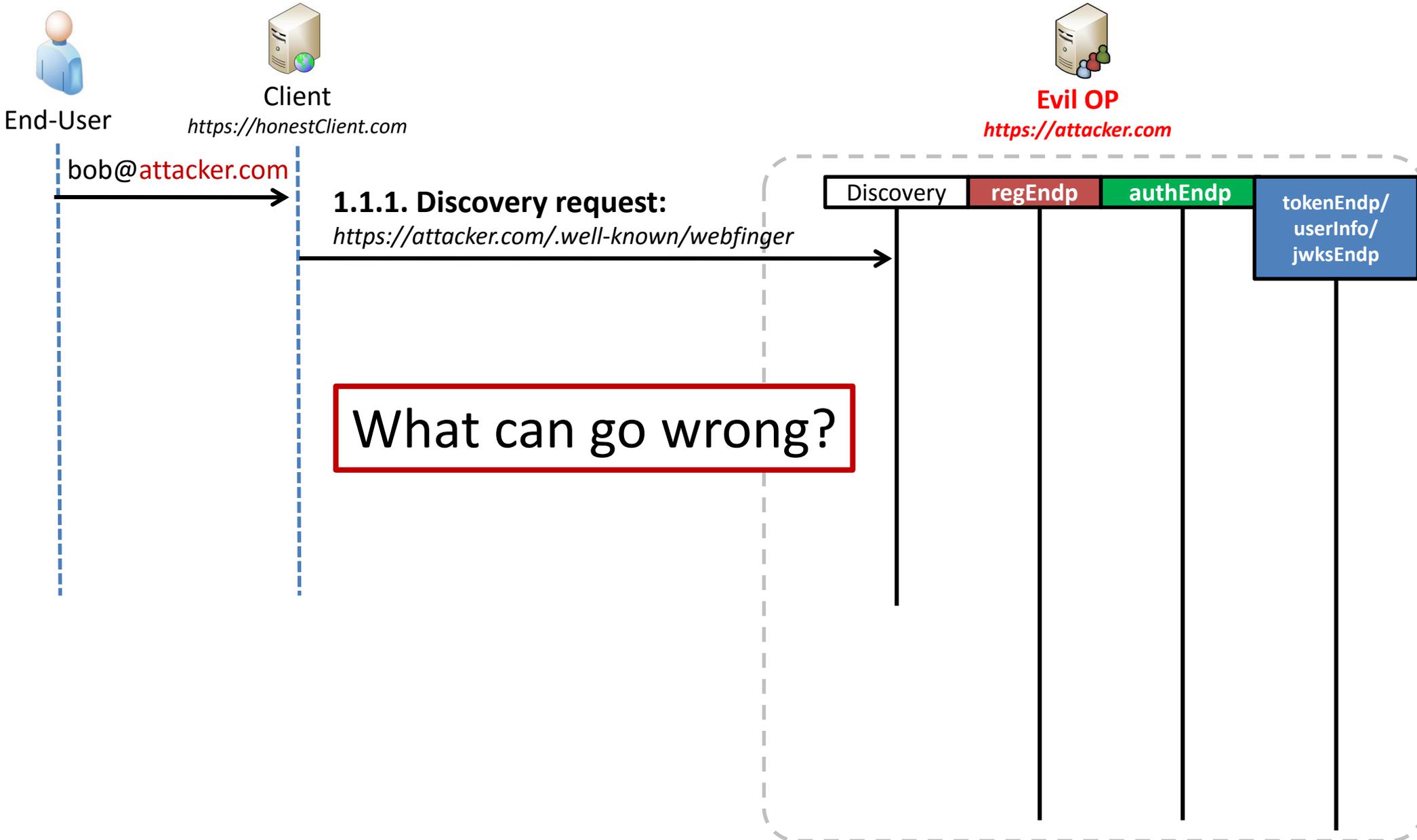
alg Parameter Value	Digital Signature or MAC Algorithm	Implementation Requirements
HS256	HMAC using SHA-256	Required
HS384	HMAC using SHA-384	Optional
HS512	HMAC using SHA-512	Optional
RS256	RSASSA-PKCS-v1_5 using SHA-256	Recommended
RS384	RSASSA-PKCS-v1_5 using SHA-384	Optional
RS512	RSASSA-PKCS-v1_5 using SHA-512	Optional
ES256	ECDSA using P-256 and SHA-256	Recommended+
ES384	ECDSA using P-384 and SHA-384	Optional
ES512	ECDSA using P-521 and SHA-512	Optional
PS256	RSASSA-PSS using SHA-256 and MGF1 with SHA-256	Optional
PS384	RSASSA-PSS using SHA-384 and MGF1 with SHA-384	Optional
PS512	RSASSA-PSS using SHA-512 and MGF1 with SHA-512	Optional
none	No digital signature or MAC performed	Optional

Setting alg to „none“ allows to remove the signature

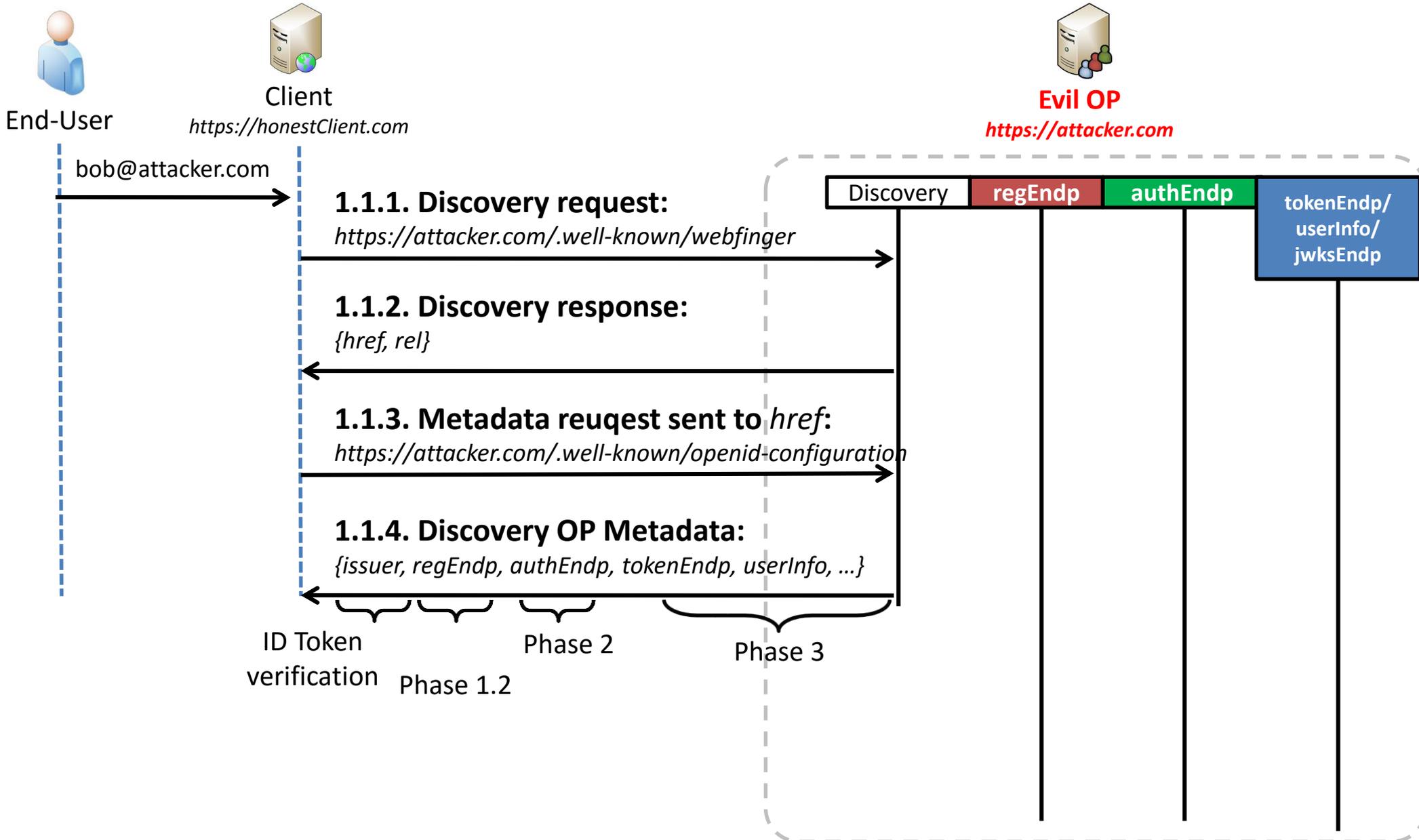
On the security of OpenID Connect



Cross Phase Attacks



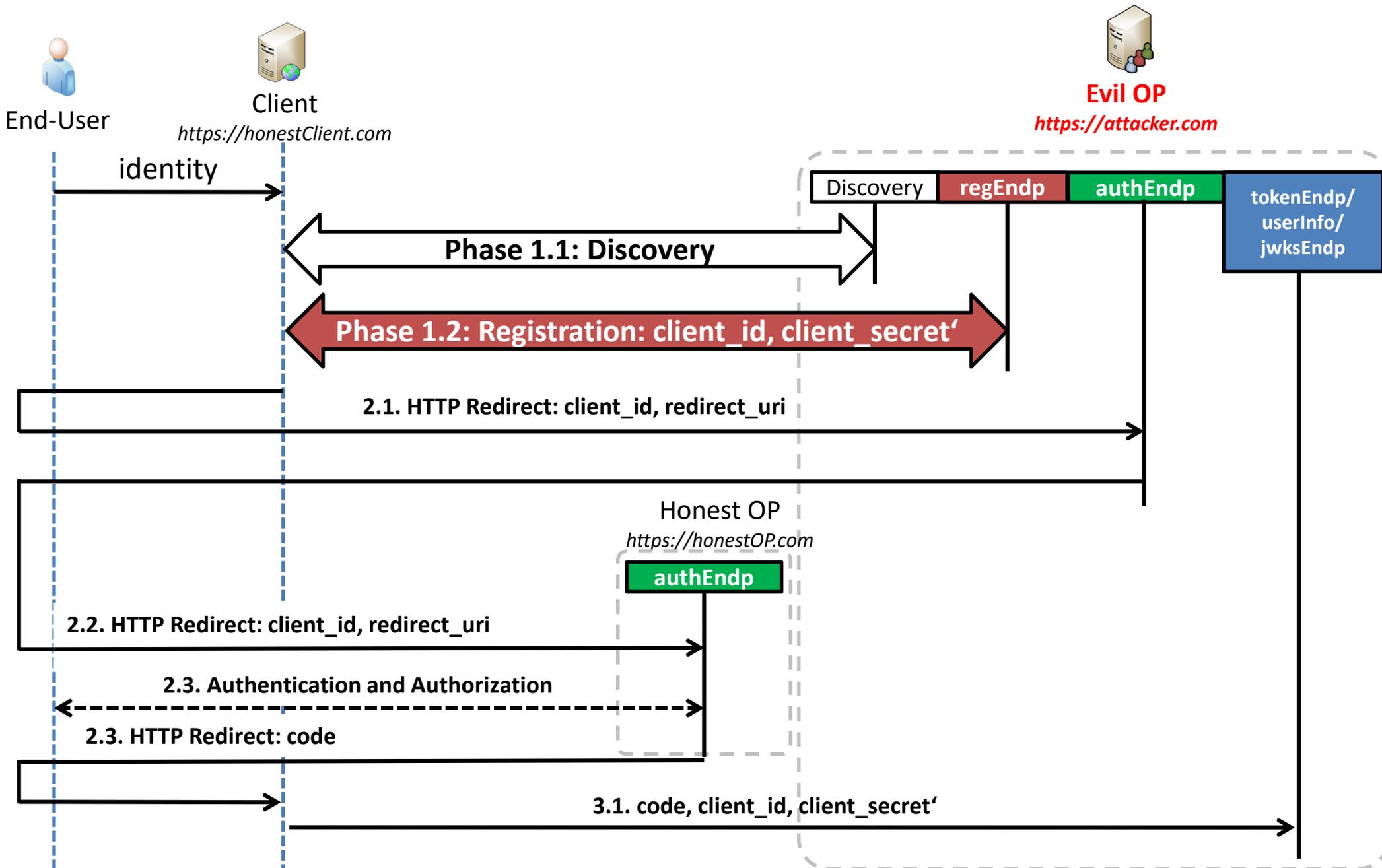
Cross Phase Attacks



Cross Phase Attacks

- Issuer Confusion
- IdP Confusion
- Malicious Endpoint Attacks

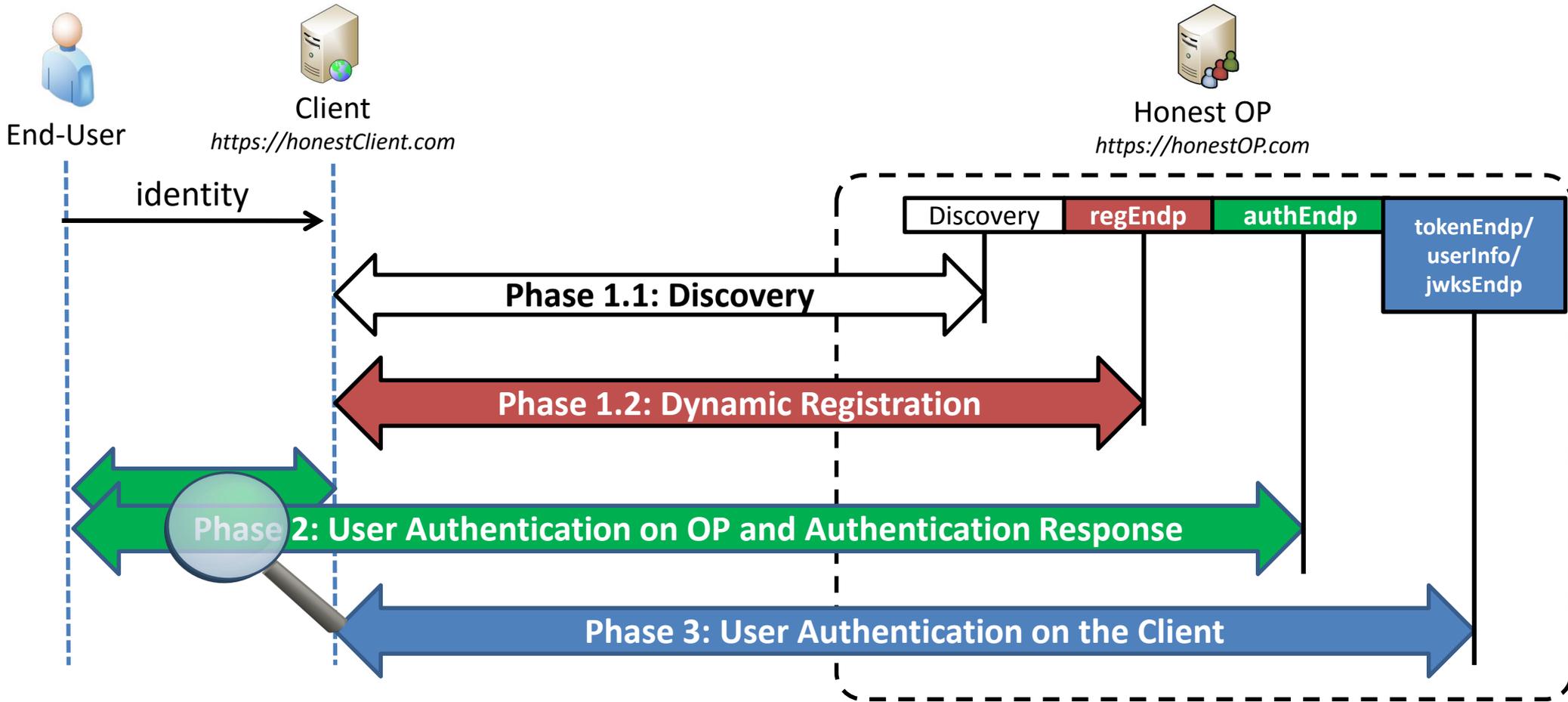
IdP Confusion



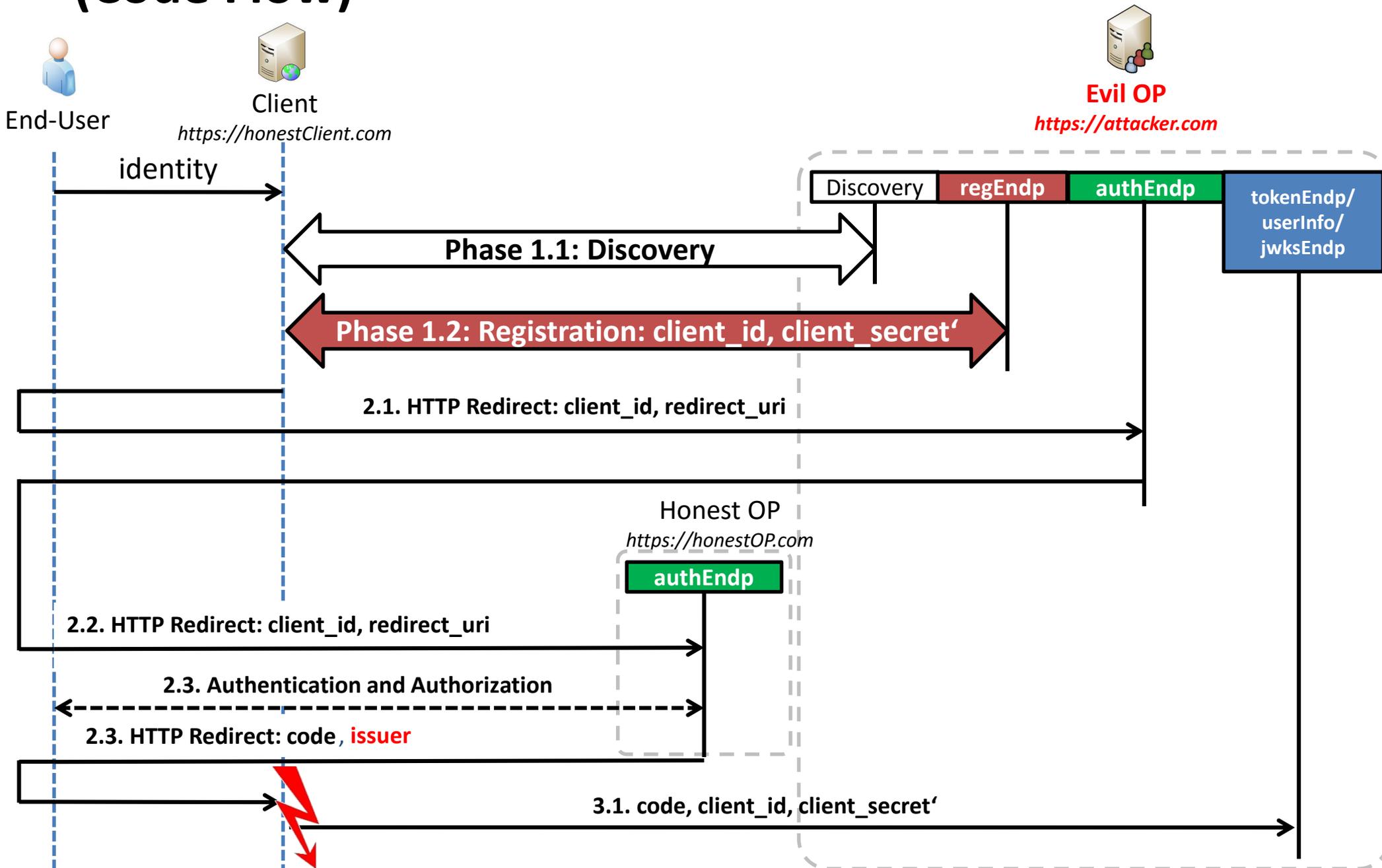
OpenID Connect: Countermeasures

- Attack concepts known since 2012
 - „Do not trust me: Using malicious IdPs for analyzing and attacking Single Sign-On“ (OpenID 2.0)
 - „Your Software at my Service“ (SAML 2.0)
- Attacks reported in September 2014
 - Reaction in Oktober 2015
 - First mitigation draft in January 2016
- Changes in the OpenID Connect and OAuth specifications
 - <https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-jones-oauth-mix-up-mitigation-01>

OpenID Connect: Countermeasures



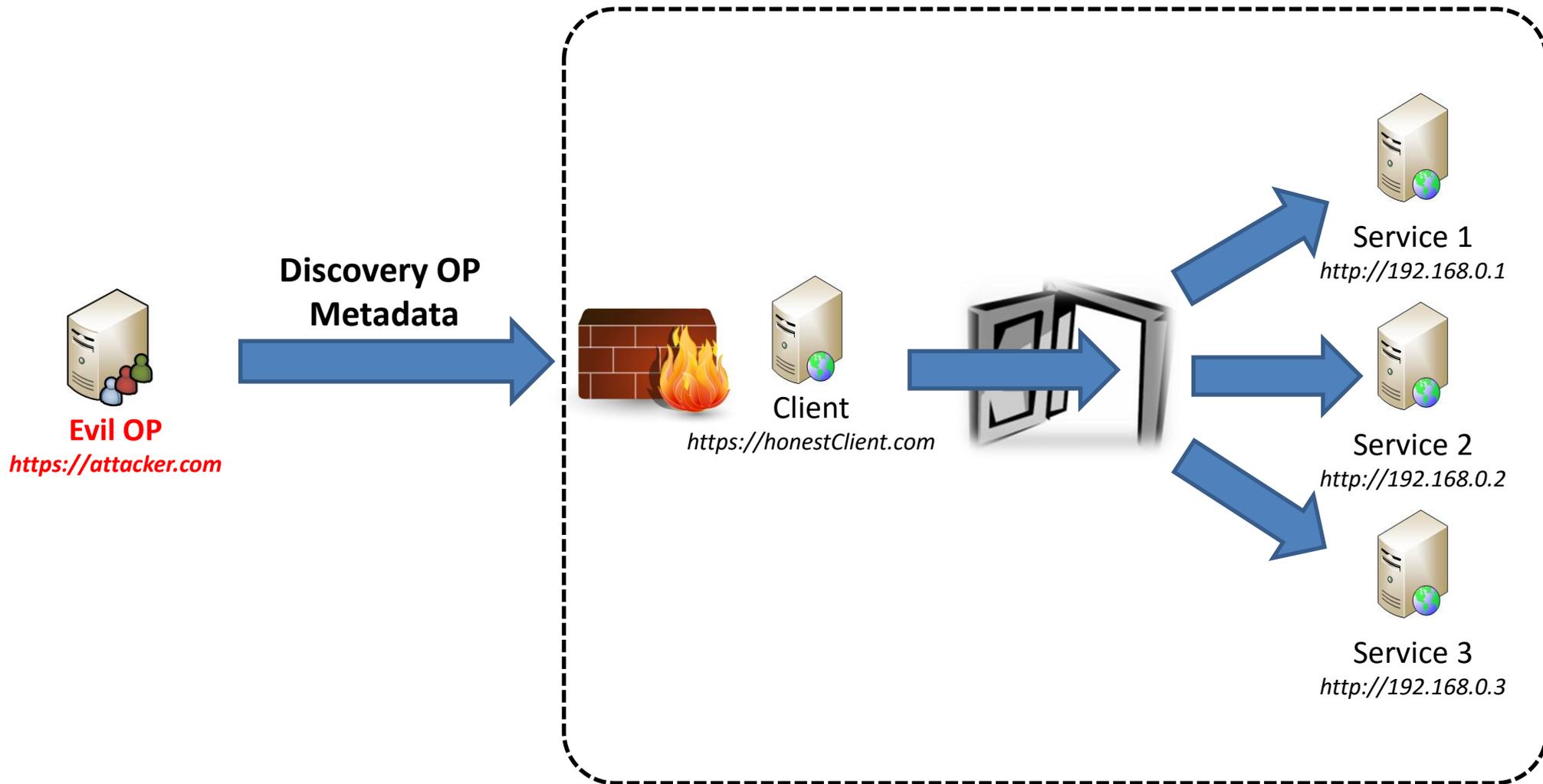
OpenID Connect: Countermeasures (Code Flow)



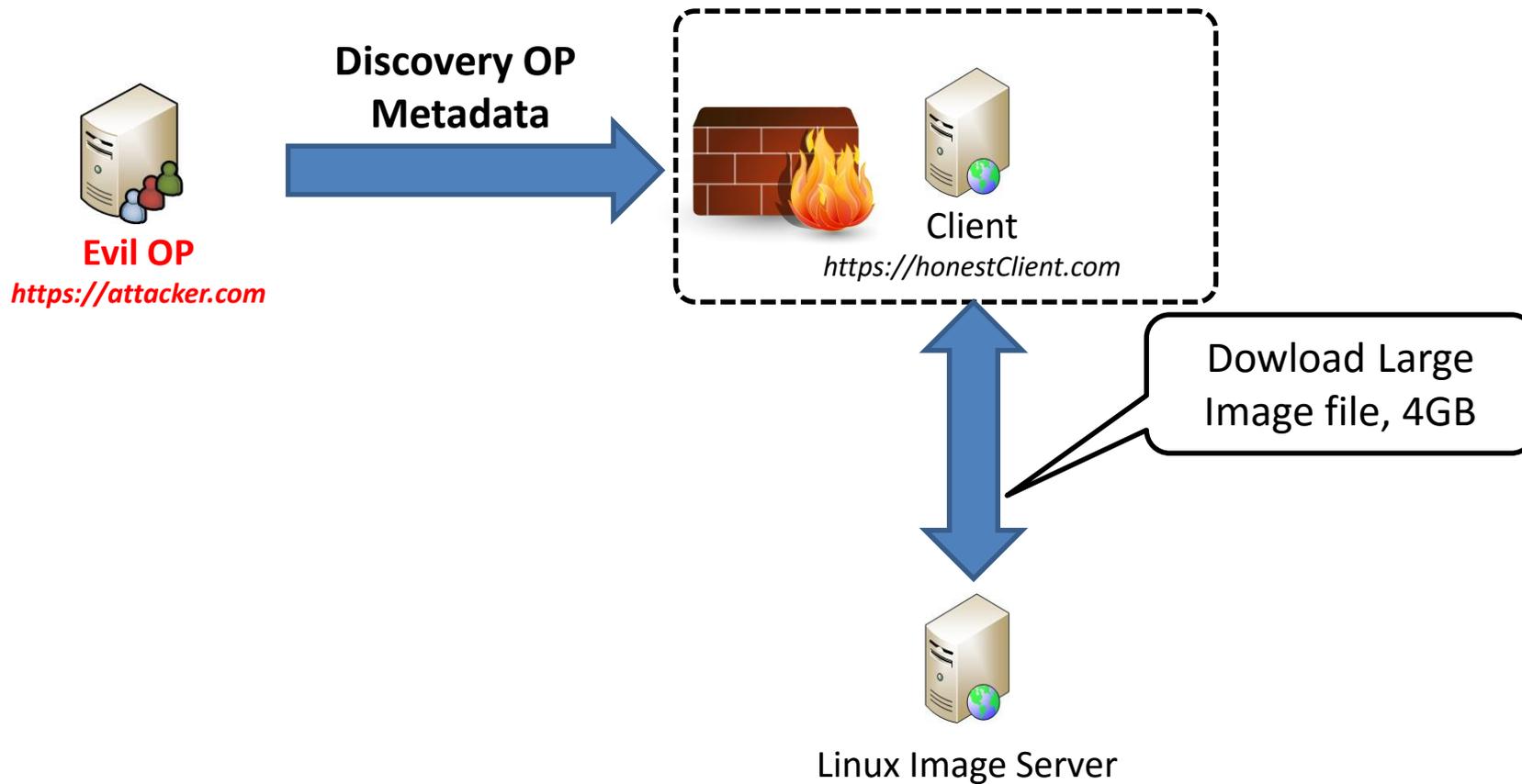
Malicious Endpoints Attacks: Idea

The *maliciously acting Discovery service* influences partially the protocol execution in **Phase 1.2, Phase 2 and Phase 3**

Malicious Endpoints Attacks: SSRF

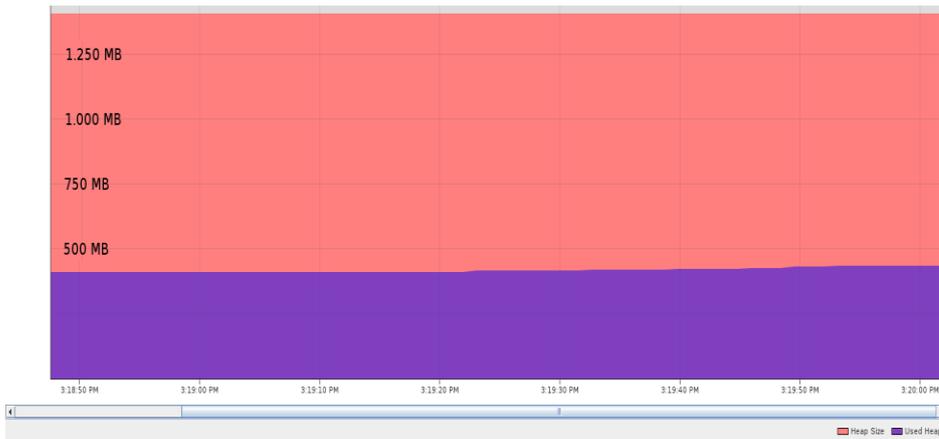


Malicious Endpoints Attacks: DoS

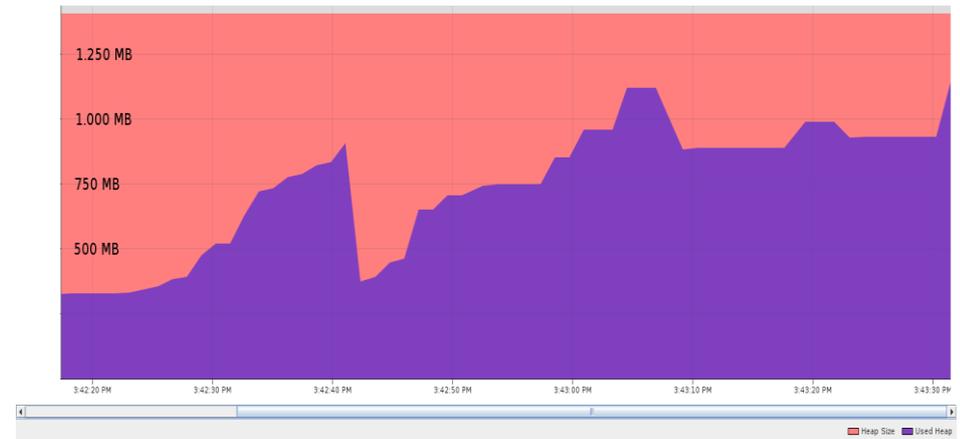


Malicious Endpoints Attacks: DoS

OpenID Connect with 5 parallel connections to an Honest OP



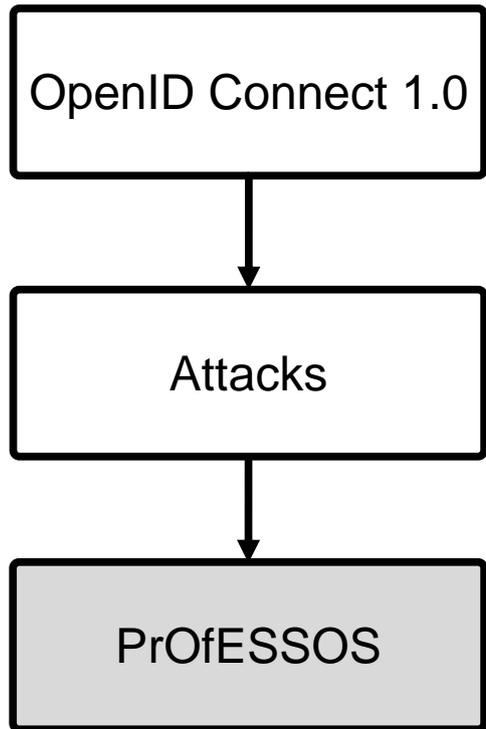
OpenID Connect with 5 parallel connections to a Malicious Discovery service



Evaluation Results

SPs Libraries	Custom IdP	Dynamic Trust	Single-Phase Attacks				Cross-Phase Attacks	
			IDS Cat \mathcal{B}	Wrong Recipient Cat \mathcal{A}	Replay Cat \mathcal{A}	Signature Bypass Cat \mathcal{B}	Issuer Conf. Cat \mathcal{B}	Specification Flaws Cat \mathcal{A}
mod_auth_openidc	Yes	Yes	✓	✓	✓	Vuln.	✓	Vuln.
MITREid Connect	Yes	Yes	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	Vuln.
oidc-client	Yes	Yes	Vuln.	Vuln.	Vuln.	✓	Vuln.	Vuln.
phpOIDC	Yes	Yes	Vuln.	Vuln.	Vuln.	Vuln.	Vuln.	Vuln.
DrupalOpenIDConnectd	Yes	No	Vuln.	Vuln.	Vuln.	Vuln.	Vuln.	Vuln.
pyoidc	Yes	Yes	Vuln.	Vuln.	Vuln.	Vuln.	✓	Vuln.
Ruby OpenIDConnect	Yes	Yes	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	Vuln.
Apache Oltu	Yes	No	✓	✓	Vuln.	Vuln.	✓	Vuln.
Total Successful Attacks	8/8	6/8	4/8	4/8	5/8	5/8	3/8	8/8

On the Security of OpenID Connect



PrOfESSOS

Stage 1: Setup - Client Parameters

OP Parameters

Test ID: bw0KwJn8ZYnKYgcKct8dA

Honest OP Identity: <http://idp.oidc.honest-sso.de/bw0KwJn8ZYnKYgcKct8dA>

Evil OP Identity: <http://idp.oidc.attack-sso.de/bw0KwJn8ZYnKYgcKct8dA>

Client Parameters

Login-Site URL:

Input-Field Name:

Selenium Script:

Success URL:

Honest User Needle:

Evil User Needle:

User Profile URL:



**Security
Test Runner**

<https://sso-security.org>

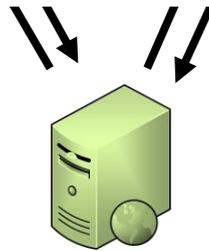


Stage 1:
Configu

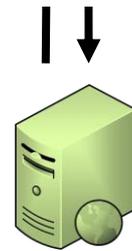
Stage 3
Security Report



Pentester



Service Provider



Identity Provider

Legend

-  Test not run
-  Test passed
-  Test failed (Attack succeeded)
-  Test outcome undetermined

Stage 1: Setup - Client Parameters

OP Parameters

Test ID: Q0XdAuKdNZIOvv-5TF12SA
Honest OP Identity: http://idp.oidc.honest-ss0.de/Q0XdAuKdNZIOvv-5TF12SA
Evil OP Identity: http://idp.oidc.attack-ss0.de/Q0XdAuKdNZIOvv-5TF12SA

Client Parameters

Login-Site URL:	<input type="text" value="http://www.honestsp.de:8080/simple-web-app/login"/>
Input-Field Name:	<input type="text" value="identifier"/>
Selenium Script:	<pre>var opUrl = document.querySelector("input[name='identifier']"); opUrl.value = "\$step[\"browser.input.op_url\"]"; opUrl.form.submit();</pre>
Success URL:	<input type="text" value="http://www.honestsp.de:8080/simple-web-app/"/>
Honest User Needle:	<input type="text" value="{sub=honest-op-test-subject, iss=http://idp.oidc.honest-ss0.de/Q0XdAuKdNZIOvv-5TF12SA}"/>
Evil User Needle:	<input type="text" value="{sub=evil-op-test-subject, iss=http://idp.oidc.attack-ss0.de/Q0XdAuKdNZIOvv-5TF12SA}"/>
	<input type="text" value="http://www.honestsp.de:8080/simple-web-app/user"/>

Stage 2: Configuration Evaluation

[Learn](#)

[Learning Log](#) 

Stage 3: Tests and Attacks

[Run all Tests](#)

PrOfESSOS

- Current status
 - ✓ Configuration and Learning stage
 - ✓ Security tests for Service Providers
 - ✓ 20 security tests implemented
 - ✗ More tests will be implemented
 - ✗ Countermeasure advices and improvements
 - ✗ Security evaluation of Identity Providers
 - ✗ OAuth 2.0

Conclusion

- OIDC Specification addresses Single Phase Attacks
- But *stupid* implementations flaws will always exist
 - Specifications are too complex to understand
- Security testing during development can help
 - PrOfESSOS

Sources

- http://ssoattacks.org/OIDC_MaliciousDiscoveryService/
- <http://web-in-security.blogspot.de/>
- „On the security of modern Single Sign-On Protocols: Second-Order Vulnerabilities in OpenID Connect”
 - <http://arxiv.org/abs/1508.04324>
- Mitigation
 - <https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-jones-oauth-mix-up-mitigation-01>



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